

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 1

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (6 points)

Write the correct expression in the sentences below.

hometown undergrad address professor PhD scholarship

1. An _____ student studies at a four-year university to get his or her first college degree.
2. After a graduate student earns a master's degree, he or she can study for a _____.
3. The place where you were born is your _____.
4. A student who receives money to go to school is on a _____.
5. What is your _____? I want to visit your house.
6. A teacher who teaches at a college or university is a _____.

Classroom expressions (4 points)

Use the scrambled words below to make sentences or questions.

1. say / English / 'ah-chim' / in / you / do / how
→ _____.
2. cell / put / phone / on / please / vibrate / your
→ _____.
3. books / please / to / 11 / open / your / page
→ _____.
4. me / the / restroom / may / go / I / please / to / excuse
→ _____.

Past Tense (4 points)

Use the verbs indicated to complete the sentences.

1. I _____ (take) a trip to Japan.
2. He _____ (attend) a college in the U.S
3. My brother _____ (grow) up in Australia.
4. When _____ (move / you) to Korea?

Meeting Someone (6 points)

Make questions from the following answers. Then indicate if it is a common question to ask a native English speaker when meeting that person for the first time.

1. I'm 24. → _____ . Common? Y N
2. O positive. → _____ . Common? Y N
3. Asian History. → _____ . Common? Y N
4. I'm an accountant. → _____ . Common? Y N
5. Not yet, I'm single. → _____ . Common? Y N
6. I attend Pacific U. → _____ . Common? Y N

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 2

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (6 points)

Write the correct expression in the sentences below.

baby tuition big uniform night shift niece

1. The money you pay as the fee for attending classes is _____.
2. You can call your older brother ‘my _____ brother’.
3. If you start work at 9 or 10 p.m., you are working the _____.
4. Your brother’s or sister’s daughter is your _____.
5. Your youngest sister is also your _____ sister.
6. A nurse usually wears a white _____.

Present Continuous (5 points)

Use the present continuous tense forms of the verbs indicated if it is appropriate.

1. John _____ (like) classic rock and roll.
2. My brother _____ (study) at a college in Seoul.
3. My uncle _____ (live) in Taegu.
4. She said she _____ (know) me.
5. My mom _____ (make) dinner.

Possessives (4 points)

Use the proper way to express possessives in the following sentences.

1. My nephew is 8 years old. _____ name is Derrick.
2. Are you going to school? Don’t forget to take _____ bag.
3. Sarah is my friend. _____ major is English Education.
4. My grandparents lived in Pusan. We visit _____ grave every year.

Daily Activities (5 points)

Use *used to* or *would* in the blanks for the following sentences. Remember, in some cases, both can be used.

1. I _____ study every night after school when I was a teenager.
2. My baby sister _____ to be very shy.
3. My grandfather _____ have very dark black hair.
4. When my dad was younger, _____ run every day in the morning.
5. I _____ be fat when I was a kid.

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 3

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (4 points)

Write the correct expression in the sentences below.

prediction dream fortune teller going to

1. Some people believe a _____ can tell them about the future.
2. A guess about the future is a _____.
3. My _____ is to become a rich and famous singer.
4. What are you _____ do this weekend?

Future Expressions (4 points)

Use the words below and add any necessary words to make sentences or questions. Use contractions!

1. going / movie / night / tomorrow / watch / I /
→ _____.
2. take / I / garbage / out / will
→ _____.
3. not / have / tomorrow / going / test / we
→ _____.
4. doing / you / what / class / after
→ _____.

Asking about the Future (6 points)

Make questions and answers about future hopes, dreams, plans and goals below. Follow the example.

Example: Q: goal: in college – What is your goal in college?

A: My goal is to graduate with a degree in Engineering.

1. Q: dream: career _____?
A: _____.
2. Q: plan: after graduation _____?
A: _____.
3. Q: hope: grade in this class _____?
A: _____.

Listening – Future Plans (6 points)

Listen to the dialog read by your teacher, or from the CD (Unit 2, Listening Activity 2), and fill in the blanks below.

Hyung-sook: Any _____ for summer vacation?

Bill: I'm going to take summer classes in July, then I _____ to take a little trip in August. You?

Hyung-sook: I wish I could go to Europe, but _____ probably end up staying here and studying English.

Bill: No vacation?

Hyung-sook: Well, my family's _____ on going to the coast for a few days, but I'll _____ just stay here.

Bill: Really? _____ we can have a party at your place while they're gone.

Hyung-sook: Dream on! My parents would kill me if they found out.

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 4

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (6 points)

Write the correct expression in the sentences below.

stand up promise excuse break turn down appointment

1. I _____ that I will help you with your homework.
- 2, 3. I'm sorry. I have to _____ your invitation because I have a previous _____.
4. Why did you _____ me _____ last night? I waited an hour and a half for you!
5. I don't want to go to her party, but I can't think of a good _____ to give her.
6. Politicians usually _____ their promises.

Making Invitations (6 points-2 points each sentence)

Use the cues to help you write the various steps of an invitation.

1. announce the event: your wedding
_____.
2. time and place: Saturday, 5 p.m.
_____.
3. make sure person can come
_____.

Time Expressions (5 points)

Use *from now*, *ago*, *after* or *before* in the following sentences.

1. My party starts three hours _____.
2. _____ the wedding, the photographer usually takes pictures of family and friends with the newlyweds.
3. I knew him a long time _____.
4. We have to hurry: our plane leaves an hour _____.
5. The plan is to meet everyone in the lobby _____ the movie starts. That way, we can all get seats near each other.

Konglish (3 points)

Answer the questions below with a sentence in the *negative*.

Example: You didn't eat breakfast? → No, I didn't eat breakfast.

1. You saw the movie *Titanic*, didn't you?

2. You didn't go to Jim's wedding, did you?

3. You don't know how to swim?

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 5

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (5 points)

Write the correct word in the sentences below.

polluted spacious crowded noisy traditional

1. New York, with its loud trucks, taxis and emergency vehicles, is _____.
2. Tokyo, with its dense population squeezed together, is _____.
3. Sydney, with its many parks, wide streets and open areas, is _____.
4. Kyung-ju, with its old houses and temples is a _____ city.
5. Metropolis, with its factories spewing out dirty air and water, is _____.

Vocabulary 2 (6 points)

Write two (2) descriptive expressions or adjectives from the unit below each picture.



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

Giving Advice (4 points)

Your friend is going to America to study. Give her some advice. Use the words in the box to complete the sentences. Use these words only once!

have to should not supposed to are supposed to

1. You _____ get a visa in your passport.
2. When meeting people, you are _____ bow.
3. You _____ shake hands with people when you meet them.
4. You _____ try to practice speaking English as much as possible.

Listening (5 points)

Listen to the dialog read by your teacher, or from the CD (Unit 5, Listening Activity 2), and fill in the blanks below.

Jenny: How was your _____ to Europe?

Jack: Awesome. We stayed in places where there _____ too many tourists.

Jenny: What was your favorite place?

Jack: Greece. There are so many _____, and lots of history to think about.

Jenny: I just love Greek food.

Jack: Me too. There were _____ of wonderful little restaurants all over the place. Ow...

Jenny: What's wrong?

Jack: My back hurts from the airplane. There's never _____ room in economy class.

Jenny: Next time, you'd better upgrade to business class.

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 6

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (6 points)

Write the correct expression in the sentences below.

out of shape runny throw up allergic sore work out

1. I hate having a _____ nose when I have a cold.
2. I drank too much soju, so I _____ on the sidewalk.
3. I am _____ to yellow dust.
4. The best way to lose weight is to _____. You will get stronger, too.
5. I am really _____. I need to start exercising.
6. My throat feels _____. I think I might be catching something.

Pains and Aches (4 points)

Fill in the blanks under each picture to accurately describe each person's condition.



1. He has a

2. He has a

3. He has a

4 She has a

First Aid (5 points)

Match the medicine/first aid materials to the problems.

a) aspirin b) decongestant c) band-aid d) burn lotion e) antibiotics

1. infection → _____
2. cut finger → _____
3. burn → _____
4. headache → _____
5. stuffy nose → _____

Remedies (5 points)

Match the common health problems to well-known remedies.

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| 1. common cold _____ | a) put a cold steak on it |
| 2. sore throat _____ | b) apply aloe-vera |
| 3. black eye _____ | c) don't eat lots of food, but drink lots of liquid |
| 4. sunburn _____ | d) eat chicken soup |
| 5. fever _____ | e) drink hot lemon tea |

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 7

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (6 points)

Write down what each thing is in the blanks under each picture.



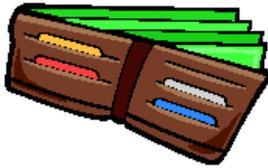
1. _____



2. _____



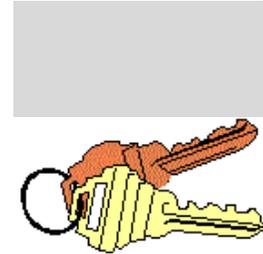
3. _____



4. _____



5. _____



6. _____

Making Guesses (4 points)

Use the words below to complete the dialogs. Read the entire dialog to help you choose. Use each only once!

might be

must have

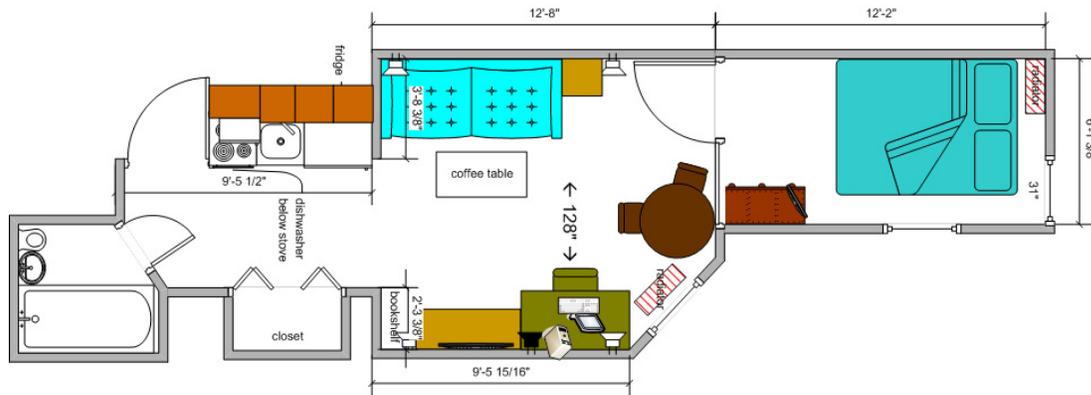
can't be

could have

1. I _____ left my i-pod in my locker at school. There's no other place it could be.
2. My laptop computer _____ at home. I clearly remember bringing it here with me this morning.
3. Your bag _____ in lost and found. Sometimes people bring lost stuff there.
4. You _____ dropped your credit card in the bushes here. Let's look.

Prepositions of Place (5 points)

Use the prepositions under the picture to complete the sentences. Use each only once.



between outside in front of next to on top of

1. In Jim's new apartment, there is a coffee table _____ his couch.
2. Jim parks his car _____ his apartment.
3. Jim's living room is _____ his kitchen and his bedroom.
4. Jim keeps his computer _____ a desk in the living room.
5. _____ the desk in the living room, a flat screen TV is mounted on the wall.

Listening (5 points)

Listen to the dialog (Unit 7, Listening Activity), and fill in the blanks below.

Will: Where should we put the bed: _____ this wall near the door, or against that wall under the window?

Helen: I think it's better _____ the window. Then we can put the desk against the opposite wall.

Will: That _____ be too close to the wardrobe. Can you still open the door?

Helen: Yes, we have room. We can even put a wastepaper basket _____ the desk and the wardrobe.

Will: OK. That just leaves the chest of drawers. Put it _____ to the door.

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 8

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (5 points)

Write the correct expression in the sentences below.

ancestors hanbok passed away reception funeral

1. During Chusok, many Koreans go to the graves of their _____.
2. Another way to say someone died is to say that person has _____.
3. After a person dies, a _____ is held to honor that person.
4. Koreans usually wear a _____ on traditional holidays.
5. After a wedding, a _____ is held. This is like a party.

Make the Questions (8 points, 2 points each)

Write questions for A's part of the dialog.

1. A: _____ ?

B: Yes, I do. I played piano when I was young.

2. A: _____ ?

B: I played it for two years.

3. A: _____ ?

B: Yes, I exercise regularly: three times a week.

4. A: _____ ?

B: I've been doing that since the beginning of this year.

Using For and Since (3 points)

Use *for* or *since* in the blanks in the sentences below.

1. I've known Sara _____ high school.
2. We've been studying math _____ we were little kids.
3. I've been exercising _____ about 30 minutes.

Sounds (4 points)

Match the sound to the meaning.

1. uh-huh _____

1. hmm _____

a) pain

b) thinking

1. ouch! _____

1. mmm _____

c) yes

d) tastes good

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 9

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (5 points)

Match the words in column A to their stronger counterparts in column B.

- | A | | B |
|-----------|-------|---------------|
| 1. happy | _____ | a) terrified |
| 2. tired | _____ | b) ecstatic |
| 3. angry | _____ | c) starving |
| 4. hungry | _____ | d) exhausted |
| 5. scared | _____ | e) pissed off |

Answer the Questions (8 points each, 2 points each)

Write answers to the questions. Pay attention to the verb tense in each question.

1. How do you feel when you have too much work and not enough time to do it?

B: _____.

2. How did you feel when you got an A+ on your test?

B: _____.

3. How would you feel if you went to a new school and you had no friends?

B: _____.

4. How would you feel if your computer kept crashing?

B: _____.

Konglish (3 points)

Change the Konglish expression to an English one.

1. The physics textbook was *bored*. The physics textbook was _____.
2. My girlfriend kicked me. (So we aren't going out anymore.) My girlfriend _____ me.
3. My mistakes make me embarrassing. My mistakes make me _____.

Listening – Feelings (4 points)

Listen to the dialog read by your teacher, or from the CD (Unit 9, Listening Activity 1), and fill in the blanks below.

Scott: You look a little _____ today. Is anything wrong?

Hyun-jung: I'm feeling a little _____, but I'm not sure why. I was really _____ yesterday.

Scott: Did something bad happen last night?

Hyun-jung: Well, I did have a really _____ dream.

Scott: That must be it.

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 10

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (3 points)

Use 'say' 'tell' or 'ask' in the blanks below. Use the correct tense for each.

1. John _____ me that he couldn't come to the meeting.
2. Please _____ the professor when the midterm is.
3. The child _____, "I don't want to go to bed now!"

Vocabulary—2 (5 points)

Use the words below to fill in the blanks. Use the correct tense for each.

inquire explain order complain admit

1. Sue is so negative. She _____ a lot about her problems.
2. The teacher _____ the student to close the door.
3. The politician would not _____ his mistake.
4. Can you _____ this theory to me? I don't get it.
5. Let's _____ at the front desk if there is a conference room available.

Change from Direct to Reported Speech (8 points each, 2 points each)

Write answers to the questions. Pay attention to the verb tense in each question.

1. D: "Please meet me here at 6 p.m.," she said.

R: _____.

2. D: He said, "Finish this report by tomorrow."

R: _____.

3. D: "You and I have the same hometown!" he said.

R: _____.

4. D: The teacher asked, "Where is Soo-mee today?"

R: _____.

Listening – In an Airplane (3 points)

Listen to the dialog read by your teacher, or from the CD (Unit 10, Listening Activity 1), and fill in the blanks below.

Amy: _____ did the pilot say?

Brad: She told everyone to fasten their seat belts.

Amy: Didn't she say anything _____?

Brad: Yeah, that we'll be landing soon.

Amy: Really? I _____ we weren't landing for another half an hour.

Brad: We aren't. They just always say it really early.

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 11

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Collocations (4 points)

Use the words below to fill in the blanks.

lodge admit suggest give

1. You're late again. Don't _____ me another silly excuse; I've heard them all.
2. The service here is terrible. I'd like to _____ a complaint with the manager.
3. This is very difficult. Can you _____ any solutions?
4. Why don't you just _____ you made a mistake?

Vocabulary (6 points)

Match the words below to their definitions.

pet peeve freak out figure out
put out calm down get on one's nerves

1. to become uncontrollably upset, or very, very angry _____
2. to think of a solution to a problem _____
3. something that bothers you, but might not bother others _____
4. to really bother someone _____
5. to stop the burning of something _____

Make the Complaint (8 points, 4 points each)

Make an appropriate complaint for each response. Write a complaint and a request.

Example: A: *I don't have any money for this machine. Can I borrow 1,000 won?*
 B: *Sorry, I don't have any money on me.*

1. A: _____?
 B: *Sorry, I didn't know you could hear it through the walls. I'll turn it down.*
2. A: _____?
 B: *Sorry. I was hot before, so I opened it.*

Konglish (2 points)

Change the Konglish expression to an English one.

1. Can you *borrow* me some money? Can you _____ me some money?

2. I am *sorry to you*.

I am _____.

Speaking for Everyday Life – Unit 12

NAME: _____

SCORE: _____ out of 20 points

Vocabulary (5 points)

Use the words or expressions below to fill in the blanks.

homesick pros and cons overseas work abroad destination

1. If something has good and bad points, you can say it has _____.
2. Students who study abroad typically feel _____ at first.
3. The place to which you are going is your _____.
4. If you are going to a foreign country, you can say, "I am going _____."
5. If you work in another country, you _____.

Making Comparisons (5 points)

Complete the sentences using the comparative form of the words in parentheses.

1. My car is _____ (fast) than yours.
2. That hotel is a lot _____ (expensive) than this one.
3. Soon-hee is _____ (smart) student in class.
4. The book was much _____ (interesting) than the movie.
5. Walking is the _____ (slow) way to get to where you are going.

Opinion (4 points, 2 points each)

Express your opinion about the subjects below, and give a reason.

Example: A: smoking

 B: I think smoking should be illegal because it isn't good for one's health.

1. A: Dok-do

 B: _____

2. A: coed schools for teenagers

 B: _____

Pros and Cons (6 points, 2 points each)

Write one good point and one bad point about each subject below.

1. Subject: studying overseas

+: _____.

—: _____.

2. Subject: studying during the summer

+: _____.

—: _____.

3. Subject: living in a big city

+: _____.

—: _____.